



Documentation

Modbus/TCP connection S7-1200/1500 ↔ SE-7xx

using the new S7 Modbus interface (port 21303)



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In this documentation the S7 Modbus connection to the Stange SE-7xx device is explained.

Used devices:

- STANGE SE-702
- Siemens S7-1212C DC/DC/DC (6ES7212-1AE40-0XB0)

connected via a 100 MBit/s switch

Used software:

- Siemens TIA Portal V15
- Windows 7 SP1
- Device version 7.0.2.10 for the SE-702
- Firmware version 4.1 for the S7-1212C

Requirements:

- The feature must be licensed in the SE-7xx
- IP address and Modbus Unit ID of the SE-7xx must be known
- SE-7xx and S7 are located in the same network subnet

Corresponding TIA Portal templates:

- se7xx-1200-1500-scl-mb (template project), version 1.4
- se7xx-1200-1500-scl-mb-library (library), version 1.4

**Please note that depending on the version of the S7 firmware, an up-to-date TIA Portal may be required.
The template project and the blocks were created with TIA Portal V15,
but can be upgraded to a current version if required.**

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Getting started

Function overview

Functionality

The S7 Modbus interface for SE-7xx at port 21303 is a licensable extension to the already available Modbus interface serving at port 502. Both interfaces give reading and writing access to data of the SE-7xx via Modbus TCP. The differences lay in data scope and data structure (mapping to addresses/registers and S7-optimized byte order). The modules (blocks) are therefore only suitable for the S7 Modbus interface at port 21303. Not all data at port 502 is covered at port 21303.

Basically, the behavior of the SE-7xx changes by switching on the S7 Modbus interface in such a way that the digital control signals of the S7 have priority over corresponding entries in the PLC instruction list of the SE-7xx. Therefore, the entire digital logic must be implemented in the S7. All data areas are written or overwritten in the SE-7xx.

For the actual values, please note that values of the CAN IO (SIOS or CAN base) always have priority.

The S7 Modbus interface is identical to the S7 Profinet interface (variant with fixed data mapping) in terms of data scope and data structure. In both cases the enlarged data quantities (from device version 7.0.3.x onwards) are not supported.

The S7 Modbus interface (port 21303) and the S7 Profinet interface must not be activated at the same time, because they use the same data area to write and they would block each other. Both interfaces each require a license.

➔ see document: **SE-7xx – S7 interface data structure.pdf**

What are the features?

- Control and query programmer
- Control and query control zone
- Query setvalue and its status
- Control and query alarm handler
- Generate alarm and query alarm status
- Control and query datalogger
- Query process step status
- Query digital track status
- Query tolerance status, enable tolerance (if configured as external activatable)
- Query limit status
- Set digital variable in SE-7xx (FI 2000-2199)
- Query digital variable from SE-7xx (FO 2000-2199)
- Set analog variable in SE-7xx (values 41-80)
- Query analog variable from SE-7xx (values 1-40)
- Set actual value in SE-7xx, force Overflow/Underflow/Break status
- Query actual value from SE-7xx, query error status of actual value

What data is transferred from the SE-7xx to the S7 (status data)?

- Boolean data ➔ Programmer status, Control zone status, Setvalue status, Actual value status, Tolerance status, Limit status, Alarm status, Alarm handler status, Process step status, Digital track status, Digital output variables (FO 2000-2199), Datalogger status
- 32 Bit floating-point values (REAL) ➔ Control zone outputs (Y values), Setvalues, Analog variables 1-40, Actual values

What data is transferred from the S7 to the SE-7xx (control data)?

- Boolean data ➔ Programmer control, Control zone control, Tolerance enabling, Digital input variables (FI 2000-2199), Alarm handler control, Alarm inputs, Datalogger control
- 32 Bit floating-point values (REAL) ➔ Analog variables 41-80, Actual values

Checking the license status

The correct licensing status of the S7 Modbus interface can be checked in the SE-7xx.

Configuration > Hardware Test > License Information > Siemens Modbus Connection will show the current status.

In case of a missing license this entry shows “No” and a license alarm will be generated.

Activating the S7 Modbus interface in the SE-7xx

The S7 Modbus interface must be enabled in the SE-7xx device. This takes place under *Configuration > Standard Settings > Siemens Modbus Connection*. Change the setting *Modbus enabling* to *Enabled*.

Only a 1:1 data transfer is possible. This means that an SE-7xx cannot be connected to several S7s and exchange data. Likewise, an S7 can only exchange data with one SE-7xx.¹

Datalogger configuration (PLC statement list)

For proper functionality of the datalogger when enabling the S7 Modbus interface, the following two lines must be present in the Stange SE-7xx PLC statement list:

| |
|-----------------------|
| L FO 768 R FO 1311 |
|-----------------------|

The PLC statement list can be found at *Configuration > Functions > PLC statement list*. After adding those two lines apply the changes by selecting *Apply (Take Over)* and then save the changes with *Back*.

Only these two lines are required for the basic operation of the S7 Modbus interface. The default lines can therefore be deleted, provided that no customer or plant-specific configuration has been carried out by the plant manufacturer or by Stange.

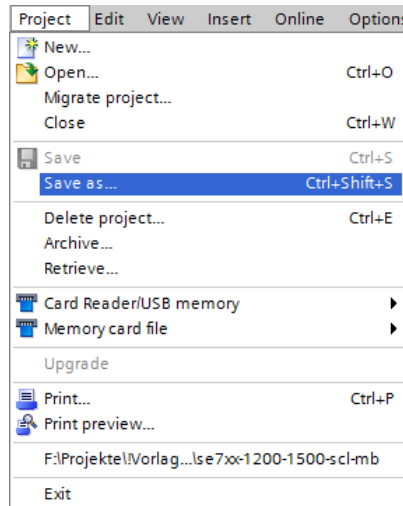
If such a configuration has been carried out, the existing instruction lines must not be deleted. It must then only be ensured that the two lines mentioned above are present.

For more information on configuring the datalogger see the corresponding documentation.

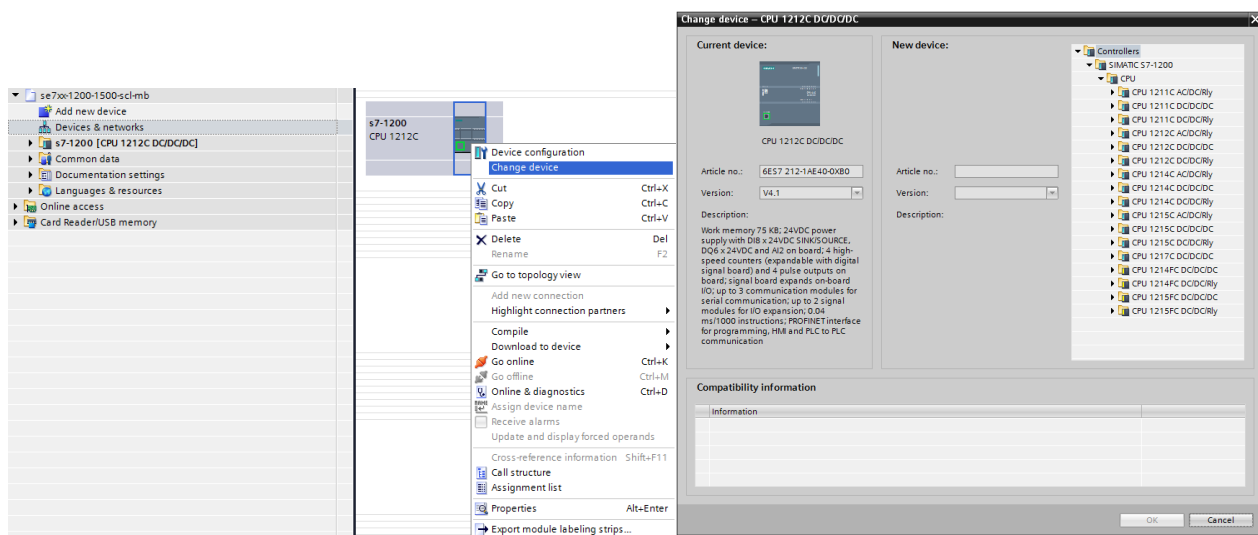
¹ It would be technically possible to create a copy of the blocks and adapt them so that a second SE-7xx can also be controlled. However, this is not supported by Stange and therefore it will not be discussed in detail here. For example, it should also be noted that with the S7-1200 the number of possible connections is limited to 8.

Using the project as a template

The project *se7xx-1200-1500-scl-mb* can be used as a template. It is loaded into TIA Portal and can be saved directly via **Project > Save as** as a copy with a new name. This enables to use the template again.



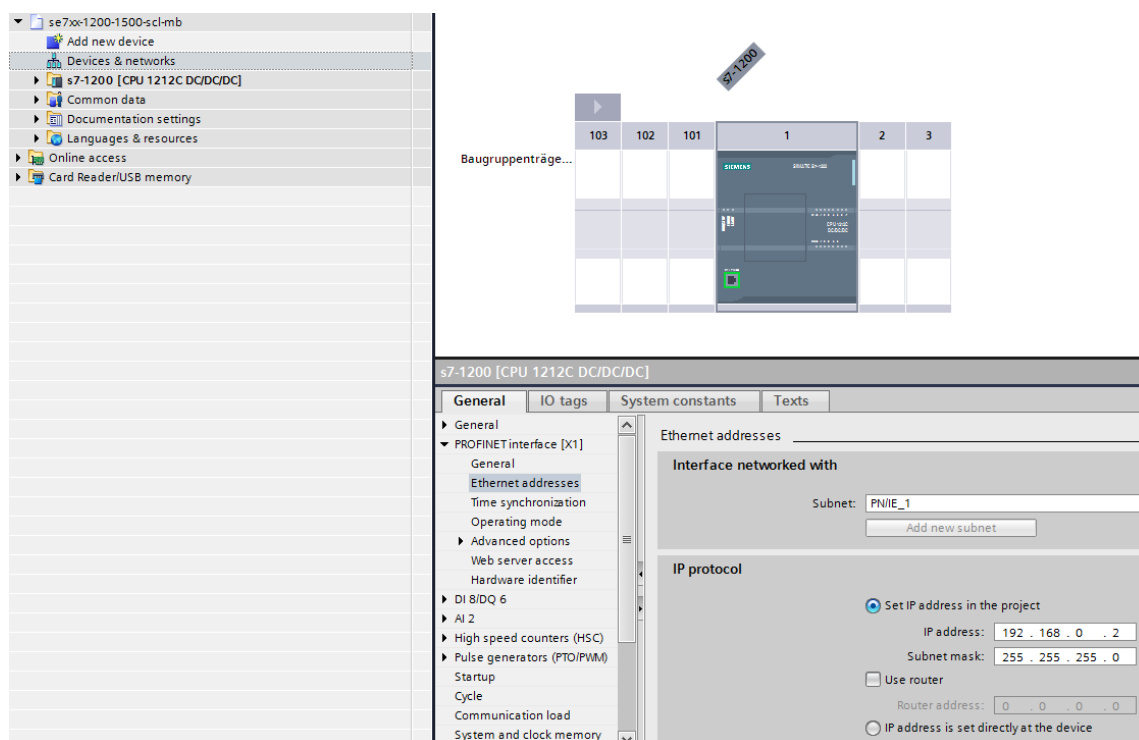
In the template project, there are projected one S7-1212C DC/DC/DC and one S7-1513-1 PN, respectively. Both contain the same modules. The project must be adapted if another PLC than S7-1212C DC/DC/DC or S7-1513-1 PN is used: under **Devices & networks** the S7 must be selected by right mouse click and **Change device** opens the Change device dialog. Now the used device can be selected. The S7 which is not used can be deleted from the project by right mouse click.



To change the IP address of the S7, select **Devices & networks** and double-click on the S7. Then double-click on the S7 again. Under the category **PROFINET interface** the IP address, Subnet mask and Router address (if needed) of the S7 can be set.

Then the S7 can be assigned to an existing “Subnet” by selecting the correct entry or you can create a new Subnet by clicking “Add new Subnet”. Either way, this step of assigning a Subnet is necessary so TIA Portal can connect to the S7. Finally, the blocks need to be compiled and loaded onto the S7.

The SE-7xx and the S7 must be located in the same Subnet (Subnet mask), because otherwise the connection may fail.



The screenshot displays the TIA Portal interface for configuring an S7-1200 PLC. On the left, the project tree shows the hierarchy: 'se7xx-1200-1500-scl-mb' > 'Add new device' > 'Devices & networks' > 's7-1200 [CPU 1212C DC/DC/DC]'. The main workspace shows a network diagram with a table of IP addresses and a configuration window for the S7-1200 [CPU 1212C DC/DC/DC].

The network diagram table is as follows:

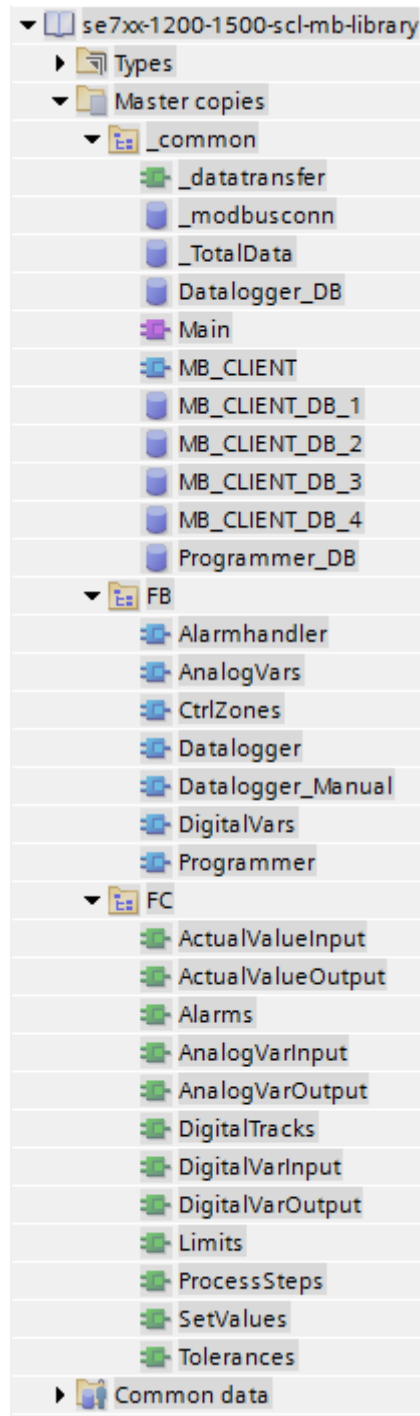
| 103 | 102 | 101 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|
| | | | 192.168.0.2 | | |

The configuration window for the S7-1200 [CPU 1212C DC/DC/DC] is shown with the 'General' tab selected. The 'Ethernet addresses' section shows 'Interface networked with' and 'Subnet: PN/IE_1'. The 'IP protocol' section shows 'Set IP address in the project' selected, with the IP address set to 192.168.0.2 and the Subnet mask set to 255.255.255.0. The 'Use router' option is unchecked, and the Router address is set to 0.0.0.0. The 'IP address is set directly at the device' option is also unchecked.

Using the library modules in an existing project

The provided library *se7xx-1200-1500-scl-mb-library* can be used if a S7 project already exists in the TIA Portal and only the Modbus communication modules shall be added to the project. Both templates contain the same modules.

The following screenshot shows an overview of the contained modules:



The following modules are needed at least for proper Modbus communication. They must be copied into the project (*Program blocks*):

- `_datatransfer` and `_modbusconn`
- `_TotalData`
- `Datalogger` [FB114] and `Datalogger_DB` (when using the datalogger)
- `MB_CLIENT`
- `MB_CLIENT_DB`[1-4]

The project and the library use the system library “S7 Open user communication” in version 4.0.

The blocks need System Flags (Merker). In the device configuration, select “System and clock memory” and check “Enable the use of system memory byte”.

The remaining FC/FB can be integrated to the project as required. But they only work if the above-described modules are available in the project. `_datatransfer` is the module that performs the actual communication of both devices. It must be integrated via OB1. An example OB1 can be found in the library.

If the datalogger is configured as active in the SE-7xx, the FB `Datalogger` must be called via OB1 and be served with an IDB. This step is mandatory, because the SE-7xx datalogger relies on external control and does not work otherwise. For full flexibility, the FB `Datalogger_Manual` can be used as an alternative (see corresponding chapter).

If both the Programmer block and the Datalogger block are used in the project, the input `ProgStart` of the `Programmer` block must be connected with the bit `Start_Programmer` of the Datalogger IDB by an OR operation, otherwise the programmer will not start. If `ProgStart` is not connected at all, no changes are needed.

To avoid problems when using the Programmer block and the Datalogger block at the same time, the Programmer block shall be called before the Datalogger block is called. Otherwise, the programmer of the SE-7xx may not start. It is not advised to insert `Programmer` and `Datalogger` more than one time each. To avoid further problems, only one of the two Datalogger FBs should be used.

If the datalogger is not used, the FB `Datalogger` (or `Datalogger_Manual`) do not have to be imported into the project.

Finally, the blocks need to be compiled and loaded onto the S7.

If a compile error occurs (“Network 1: Tag `transfer_error` not defined”), a variable tag shall be defined in OB1, Network 1 by clicking with the right mouse button on `transfer_error` and selecting “Define tag”. Then the blocks have to be recompiled and reloaded onto the S7.

Description of the functionality

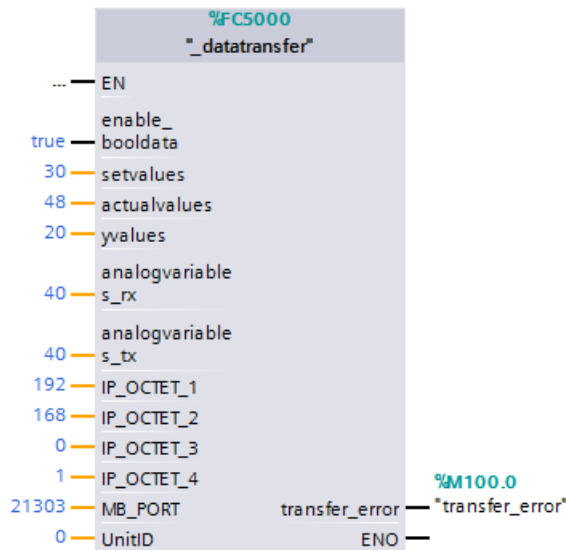
General

The most important module is **Main** [OB1]. The content is cyclically called and contains at least **_datatransfer** [FC5000] and when using the datalogger **Datalogger** [FB114] or **Datalogger_Manual** [FB115]. **_datatransfer** controls the general data exchange between both the S7 and the SE-7xx. Without this FC, no Modbus communication is possible.

| _datatransfer [FC5000] | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Description |
| enable_booldata | Transfer Boolean control/status values [<i>true/false</i>] |
| setvalues | Number of setvalues [0..30] |
| actualvalues | Number of actual values [0..48] |
| yvalues | Number of controller Y values [0..20] |
| analogvariables_rx | Number of analog variables from SE-7xx [0..40] |
| analogvariables_tx | Number of analog variables to SE-7xx [0..40] |
| IP_OCTET_[1..4] | IP address of the SE-7xx (default: 192.168.0.1) |
| MB_PORT | Modbus/TCP port of the SE-7xx (default: 21303) |
| UnitID | Modbus Unit ID of the SE-7xx (default: 0) |

Please set the IP address and port of the SE-7xx. An error at the Modbus transfer is signaled at output **transfer_error** where required. It can be set to a flag or a Bool variable in a DB.

The specified numbers only influence the amount of TCP data transferred between SE-7xx and S7. If, for example, only 30 instead of 48 actual values are specified (**actualvalues** input), only 30 actual values are updated in both directions. The remaining values then remain at the old status before the value was changed. The change is therefore only suitable for traffic reduction in the network and is only rarely necessary. This also applies to the input **enable_booldata**.



The respective blocks correspond to the components of the SE-7xx. They can be easily dragged into OB1 or a self-created FC/FB. Then they are integrated by their inputs/outputs into the program sequence.

InstanceNo describes the number of the instance of the function; for example, digital track 4 or limit value 2. Thereby a limit check takes place; i.e., for an InstanceNo outside of the valid range (for instance setvalue 23 in case of a maximum of 20 possible values) the value is set to the maximum possible instance; for values equal to or less than 0, instance 1 is selected.

The number of insertable blocks is not limited. For each inserted FB a separate IDB (Instance DB) is created. Not used inputs/outputs of FCs can be set to an unused flag or variable in a DB. The sequence of instances of a FC/FB does not make any difference; however, each new call of a block with an already used instance number overwrites each previous call of this block with this instance.

Overview FCs/FBs

| Name | Block | Function |
|-------------------|-------|--|
| SetValues | FC101 | Reads setvalue and setvalue status |
| Alarms | FC103 | Generates alarm, reads alarm status |
| ProcessSteps | FC104 | Reads process step status |
| DigitalTracks | FC105 | Reads digital track status |
| Tolerances | FC106 | Reads tolerance status, external tolerance activation |
| Limits | FC107 | Reads limit status |
| DigitalVarInput | FC108 | Sets digital input variable in SE-7xx (FI 2000-2199) |
| DigitalVarOutput | FC109 | Reads digital output variable from SE-7xx (FO 2000-2199) |
| AnalogVarInput | FC110 | Sets analog input variable in SE-7xx (values 41-80) |
| AnalogVarOutput | FC111 | Reads analog output variable from SE-7xx (values 1-40) |
| ActualValueInput | FC112 | Sets actual value in SE-7xx, force Overflow/Underflow/Break status |
| ActualValueOutput | FC113 | Reads actual value from SE-7xx, reads actual value error status |
| Programmer | FB100 | Controls Programmer and gets status |
| CtrlZones | FB102 | Controls controlzone and gets status |
| Alarmhandler | FB103 | Controls alarmhandler and gets status |
| DigitalVars | FB108 | Writes and reads digital variables |
| AnalogVars | FB110 | Writes and reads analog variables |
| Datalogger | FB114 | Controls datalogger and gets status (automatic mode) |
| Datalogger_Manual | FB115 | Controls datalogger and gets status (manual mode) |

General structure of the FCs/FBs

Inputs: InstanceNo [instance number] and respective function inputs

Outputs: Function outputs

Temp: instno_tmp: Copy of InstanceNo; used for limit check

Constant: entries: contains maximum number of instances; used for limit check

FC5000: _datatransfer and DB5000: _TotalData

The FC5000 **_datatransfer** is responsible for sending and receiving data via Modbus TCP. Therefore, the system block **mb_client** is being used. Four TCP connections are used, each connection multiplexes two data transfers. Each data transfer of a connection is thereby assigned each one of two **timeslices**. The timeslices are processed one after another and each connection separately.

| Connection | Data transmission | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | c[1-4]_1 | c[1-4]_2 |
| 1 | Booldata.rx | Booldata.tx |
| 2 | Setvalues.rx | Actualvalues.rx |
| 3 | Yvalues.rx | Actualvalues.tx |
| 4 | Analogvariables.rx | Analogvariables.tx |

Locally all the data is buffered in the DB **_TotalData**. All the FC/FB just access this DB when reading or writing data. Data from **control** are sent to the SE-7xx, data from SE-7xx are stored in **status**. It is wise to not use any direct connections with entries from **_TotalData**, but to use the interface of the FC/FB.

The internal mapping of the Modbus registers to the functions of the SE-7xx is done automatically. No settings or configuration changes are needed here.

There may be some circumstances where the Modbus Unit ID has to be changed in the SE-7xx. In this case this value needs to be applied at the input **UnitID** of **_datatransfer**. Otherwise, the Modbus connection fails. By default, this value is 0.

Even if lower values are specified at the **_datatransfer** block than are available, always the entire data range in the SE-7xx is written or overwritten. For this reason, for example, the range of analog variables used by the S7 (values 41-80) cannot be reduced. The numbers only indicate which values are updated. The other values then remain fixed at the old status.

Only a 1:1 data transfer is possible. This means that an SE-7xx cannot be connected to several S7s and exchange data. Likewise, an S7 can only exchange data with one SE-7xx.²

- Connection 1:
 - Receive BoolData (172 Byte) status.booldata c1_1
 - Send BoolData (140 Byte) control.booldata c1_2
- Connection 2:
 - Receive setvalues (120 Byte³) status.setvalues c2_1
 - Receive actual values (192 Byte³) status.actvalues c2_2
- Connection 3:
 - Receive Y values (80 Byte³) status.yvalues c3_1
 - Send actual values (192 Byte³) control.actvalues c3_2
- Connection 4:
 - Receive analog variables (160 Byte³) status.analogvars c4_1
 - Send analog variables (160 Byte³) control.analogvars c4_2

² It would be technically possible to create a copy of the blocks and adapt them so that a second SE-7xx can also be controlled. However, this is not supported by Stange and therefore it will not be discussed in detail here. For example, it should also be noted that with the S7-1200 the number of possible connections is limited to 8.

³ when transferring all values (4 Byte per value)

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------|-------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| ▼ control | Struct | 0.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | send data |
| ▶ booldata | Array[0..1119] of Bool | 0.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | bool data |
| ▶ actvalues | Array[0..47] of Real | 140.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | actualvalues |
| ▶ analogvars | Array[0..39] of Real | 332.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | analog variables |
| ▼ status | Struct | 492.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | receive data |
| ▶ booldata | Array[0..1375] of Bool | 0.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | bool data |
| ▶ actvalues | Array[0..47] of Real | 172.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | actualvalues |
| ▶ setvalues | Array[0..29] of Real | 364.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | setvalues |
| ▶ yvalues | Array[0..19] of Real | 484.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | controlzone yvalues |
| ▶ analogvars | Array[0..39] of Real | 564.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | analog variables |
| ▼ timeslice | Struct | 1216.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | connection 1-4 timeslices 1-2 |
| ▶ c1_1 | Bool | 0.0 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c1_2 | Bool | 0.1 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c2_1 | Bool | 0.2 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c2_2 | Bool | 0.3 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c3_1 | Bool | 0.4 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c3_2 | Bool | 0.5 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c4_1 | Bool | 0.6 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▶ c4_2 | Bool | 0.7 | false | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| ▼ transferblock | Struct | 1218.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | transferblocks status data (mb_client) |
| ▶ 1 | Struct | 0.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 1 |
| ▶ 2 | Struct | 4.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 2 |
| ▶ 3 | Struct | 8.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 3 |
| ▶ 4 | Struct | 12.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 4 |
| ▶ 5 | Struct | 16.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 |
| ▶ 6 | Struct | 20.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 |
| ▶ 7 | Struct | 24.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 7 |
| ▶ 8 | Struct | 28.0 | | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | 8 |

_TotalData.control.booldata

Array [0..1119] of Bool.

Contains all Bools which should be sent to the SE-7xx. These bits are set by the FCs/FBs.

_TotalData.status.booldata

Array [0..1375] of Bool.

Contains all Bools received from the SE-7xx. These bits are read by the FCs/FBs.

_TotalData.control.actvalues/analogvars

and

_TotalData.status.actvalues/setvalues/yvalues/analogvars

Array [0..47/39] of Real and Array [0..47/29/19/39] of Real.

Activation of sending/reading by values greater than zero at FC5000 *_datatransfer*.

Contains 32-Bit actual values(/setvalues/Y values)/analog variables.

When sending actual values they must not be configured as “unassigned” in the SE-7xx.

The sent analog variables 1-40 are mapped in the SE-7xx as analog variables 41-80.

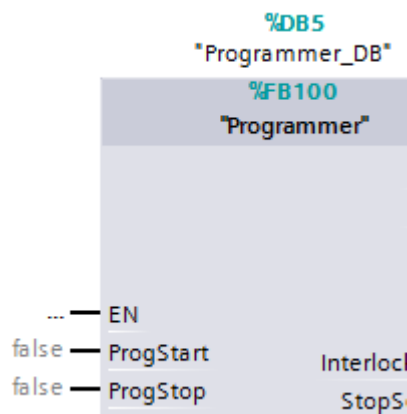
FB100: Programmer and FB114: Datalogger

When the S7 Modbus interface is activated, the datalogger only works if the **Datalogger** block is programmed into the program sequence via OB1. This block contains the logic for the job control of the datalogger. The inputs and outputs of the **Datalogger** FB may be wired in the project, but this is not necessary.

To start the datalogger (and the programmer) via the S7, set an impulse to the input **ProcessStart**. After five seconds the programmer will be started automatically. As soon as the program has reached the end or the operator selected END or RESET, the logger stops automatically. The recorded log data can be viewed via the log list of the datalogger in the SE-7xx. When the logging is started from the S7, the user "plc" will be displayed in the charge details, otherwise the name of the currently logged in user.

To only start the programmer without the datalogger, set an impulse to the input **ProgStart** of **Programmer**.

Because a **Programmer** block may overwrite the programmer start event when its input **ProgStart** is connected, this input should be supplied with the bit **Start_Programmer** of the **Datalogger** IDB by an OR block. This step is not necessary if there is no wiring at **ProgStart** at all.



Programmer without wiring at ProgStart



Programmer with wiring at ProgStart

FB114: Datalogger and FB115: Datalogger_Manual

The FB *Datalogger* works in “automatic mode”. This means it contains the logic to detect when the user wants to start the programmer via the graphical interface of the SE-7xx and then to finally start the datalogger and the programmer. This logic is necessary since most of the PLC statement list lines got obsolete with the S7 Modbus connection.

Therefore, the FB must just be called via OB1; connections to its inputs/outputs are not necessary. When needed, the datalogger and the programmer can also be started from the S7. Normally this functionality is adequate for most use cases.

But when the user wants full flexibility in controlling the datalogger, *Datalogger_Manual* can be used. It contains no logic, but offers no limits in processing the control and status signals.

To avoid problems, only one of both FB should be used in the program.

When the datalogger is enabled in the SE-7xx configuration, the Start button on the Programmer page only creates a process start event (and does not start the programmer yet). This event is displayed on the output *ProcessstartActive*. Also, the input *ProcessStart* creates a process start event. The event mainly sets the batch data in the SE-7xx.

ProcessstartActive can be used to trigger *LogStart* to start the datalogger. Also, the input *ProgStart* of *Programmer* shall get the signal to start the programmer. *ProcessstartActive* will be reset automatically when the programmer is running (these are the two lines which must be inserted into the SE-7xx PLC statement list).

LoggerActive shows that the datalogger is recording. Using *LogEnd* the recording will be finished.

On the following page there is an example of using *Datalogger_Manual*.

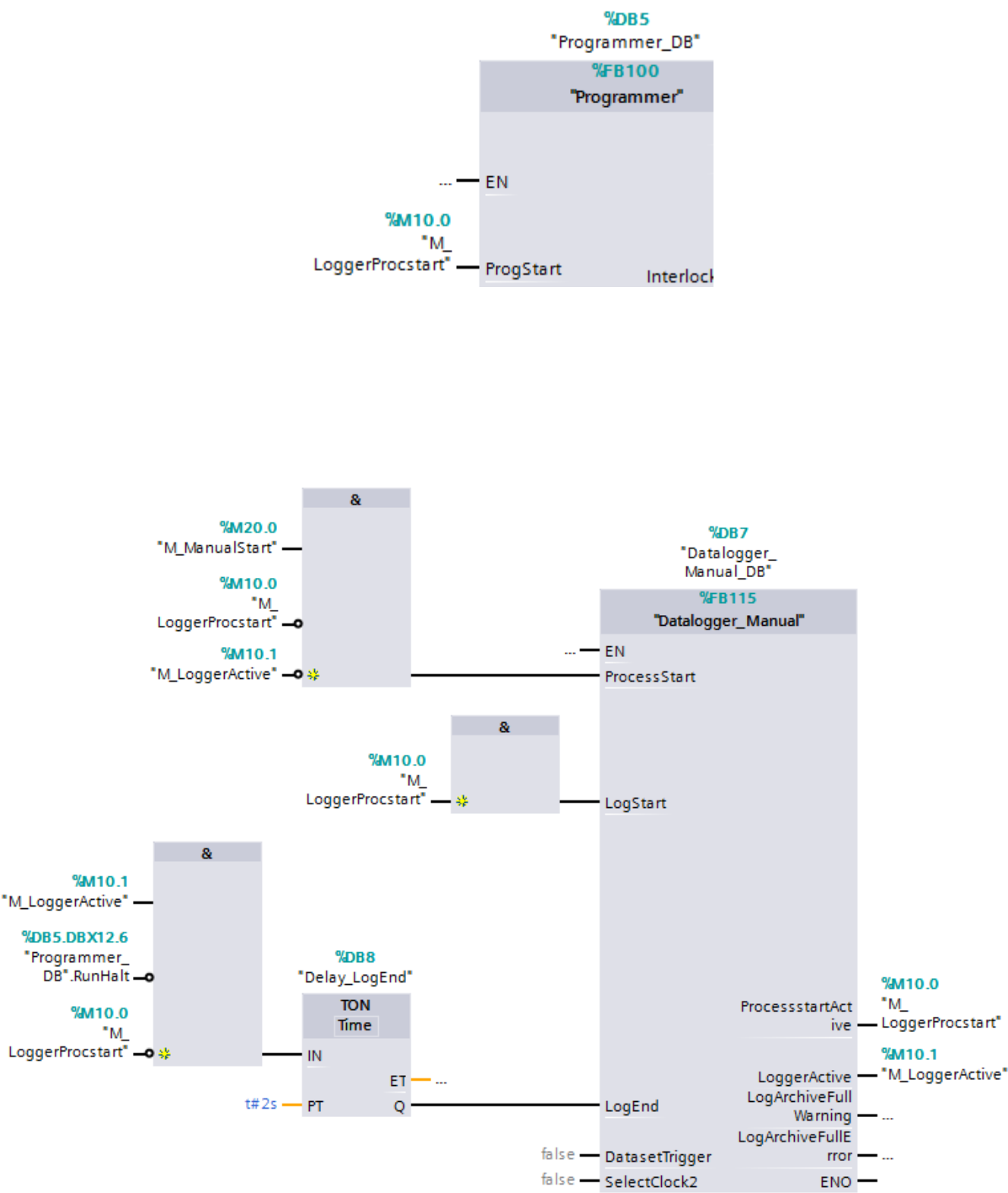
The process start event can either be created locally (*M_ManualStart*); under the condition that no other start event exists and the datalogger is not active. Or the event can be created by the SE-7xx (Programmer).

ProcessstartActive outputs a signal through the event. This signal (stored in *M_LoggerProcstart*) can then be used to start the datalogger recording using *LogStart*. The flag *M_LoggerActive* then shows the active status of the datalogger.

This flag will then be used to end the datalogger recording as soon as the programmer reaches the program end or RESET.

Starting of the datalogger and the programmer can be achieved by just applying an impulse to *M_ManualStart*. The status outputs can be processed in the program if necessary.

As an alternative, the FB *Datalogger* can be used. It already contains all the logic.



FC108/FC109, FB108: DigitalVarInput, DigitalVarOutput, DigitalVars (Digital variables)

Digital input variables of the SE-7xx can be set from the S7 with the blocks *DigitalVarInput* and *DigitalVars*. These will be mapped to Function inputs (FI) 2000 to 2199 of the SE-7xx and can be used for status displays in the Visualisation, for example. These variables can only be written and not be read by the S7.

Digital output variables of the SE-7xx can be read from the S7 with the blocks *DigitalVarOutput* and *DigitalVars*. These are mapped to Function outputs (FO) 2000 to 2199 of the SE-7xx and can be used for buttons in the Visualisation, for example. These variables can only be read and not be written by the S7.

The parameter *Shift10* at *DigitalVars* specifies which ten digital variables are to be read and written. With a value of 0, the first ten variables are addressed, with a value of 1, the next ten, and so on.

FC110/FC111, FB110: AnalogVarInput, AnalogVarOutput, AnalogVars (Analog variables)

Analog input variables of the SE-7xx can be set from the S7 with the blocks *AnalogVarInput* and *AnalogVars*. These will be mapped to analog variables 41-80 of the SE-7xx and can be used for status displays in the Visualisation or as substituting control zone setvalues, for example.

These variables can only be written and not be read by the S7.

Analog output variables of the SE-7xx can be read from the S7 with the blocks *AnalogVarOutput* and *AnalogVars*. These are mapped to analog variables 1-40 of the SE-7xx and can be used for input fields in the Visualisation, for example. These variables can only be read and not be written by the S7.

Both *AnalogVarInput* and *AnalogVarOutput* expect an *InstanceNo* in the range 1-40.

Analog variables must be configured as IEEE-Float before using them (configuration in the SE-7xx). Other variable types are not supported.

FC112/FC113: ActualValueInput, ActualValueOutput (Actual values)

Actual values of the SE-7xx can be set from the S7 with the block *ActualValueInput*. These can be used there as a controller actual value, for example. They can also be configured with correction points, mean values, etc.

When sending actual values, they must not be configured as “unassigned” in the SE-7xx, but at least “linear”.

Special values according to IEEE 754 can trigger an actual value alarm in the SE-7xx:

| Actual value | IEEE 754 description | Display on SE-7xx |
|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 0x7F800000 | positive infinity | Overflow |
| 0xFF800000 | negative infinity | Underflow |
| 0x7F800001 ff. | signalling NaN | Break |
| 0xFF800001 ff. | signalling NaN | Break |
| 0x7FC00000 ff. | quiet NaN | Break |
| 0xFFC00000 ff. | quiet NaN | Break |

The respective status can be generated in the SE-7xx with the inputs *ForceOverflow/ForceUnderflow/ForceBreak*.

Actual values of the SE-7xx can be read from the S7 with the block *ActualValueOutput*.

The output *ActValueError* will change to true if the actual value has an error (for example break).

How To

External setvalue supply by S7

Although the SE-7xx has the ability to store program recipes which result into setvalue definitions over time, setvalues also may be gathered remotely by an S7. This makes the programmed setvalue definition worthless as it will not come into effect. The SE-7xx will then calculate Y values with these external setvalues ignoring setvalues coming directly from the programmer.

A direct modification of the internal programmer setvalues is not possible due to technical reasons. However, there is a way to control which setvalue a control zone gets. The idea is to provide the control zone a substituting setvalue. This substituting setvalue is supplied by an analog variable from the S7. On the S7 this is simply done by inserting a block providing the desired setvalue as an input parameter. Finally, the control zone will be configured to activate the substituting setvalue permanently.

This needs a one-time configuration in the SE-7xx. In the S7 Modbus interface the 80 analog variables of the SE-7xx are divided into 40 read values (1-40) and 40 write values (41-80). Therefore, there must be at least 41 analog variables configured so the S7 can at least write one analog variable to the SE-7xx.

➔ **Configuration > Functions > Analog Variables > PARAM.** (button on the left side)

Please configure at least **41** values. After touching **Back**, the variables list is shown again.

For example, analog variable 41 will be configured.

After selecting variable 41 and **Edit**, the configuration page is displayed. A meaningful description will help finding the variable later. The variable type must be configured to **IEEE Float**. The display format allows setting the decimal places (the more decimal places, the less digits left of the decimal point). A maximum of two decimal places is advised. Below the low and high limit of the analog variable – the external setvalue – can be changed. You can just set them to their maximum, **-99999.9** or **99999.9**, respectively.

The control system address is not applicable here. The initialization mode changes the behavior of the analog variable after a reset. It can be changed if needed. The default value is **None**.

The configuration of the analog variable is now done.

➔ **Configuration > Functions > Control Zones**

Here all the control zones are listed. Select the respective control zone which shall be supplied with the external setvalue and choose **Edit**. Scroll down to **Subst. SV Type** and select **Variable**.

The substituting setvalue number corresponds to the number of the analog variable which will contain the external setvalue, for example: **41**. The description of the analog variable is shown in parantheses.

The configuration can now be saved by exiting. This completes the configuration in the SE-7xx.

In the S7, the **AnalogVarInput** block can be used to send the analog variable to the SE-7xx. At the input parameter **Value**, the setvalue to be sent is specified in REAL format (float). **InstanceNo** = **1** then corresponds to analog variable 41 in the SE-7xx, which was configured above as a substitute setvalue. Similarly, other alternative setvalues can also be defined, which are then transferred to the SE-7xx as analog variables 42, etc.

The **CtrlZones** block is used to enable the substitute setvalue at the selected control zone. **InstanceNo** specifies the number of the control zone (e. g. **1**). By setting **true** at the **EnableSubstSV** input, the alternative setvalue configured in the SE-7xx is finally activated. The current setvalue can then be displayed on the Controller page.

The SE-7xx controls independently of the status of the programmer. Using the **Disable** input of **CtrlZones**, the control zone can be deactivated if necessary, i. e. the Y controller output can be set to 0.0.

To obtain a Start/Stop signal from the SE-7xx, a button can be defined in the visualization, whose status can be read out via **DigitalVarOutput**. The other possibility would be to create a pseudo-program recipe in order to start and stop the programmer as usual.

Description of the interface (FC/FB)

_datatransfer [FC5000]

Data transfer between datablock _TotalData and SE-7xx.

| Input | Format | Function |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| enable_booldata | Bool | Enable to transfer bool data between SE-7xx and S7 |
| setvalues | UInt | Set the number of Setvalues to receive from SE-7xx |
| actualvalues | UInt | Set the number of Actualvalues to exchange with SE-7xx |
| yvalues | UInt | Set the number of Yvalues to receive from SE-7xx |
| analogvariables_rx | UInt | Set the number of Analogvariables to receive from SE-7xx |
| analogvariables_tx | UInt | Set the number of Analogvariables to send to SE-7xx |
| IP_OCTET_[1..4] | UInt | First/second/third/fourth part of IPv4 address of SE-7xx |
| MB_PORT | UInt | Port number of SE-7xx (default: 21303) |
| UnitID | UInt | Modbus Unit ID of SE-7xx (default: 0) |

| Output | Format | Function |
|----------------|--------|---|
| transfer_error | Bool | Error flag: one or more transfer failed |

ActualValueInput [FC112]

Sends a float value as an actual value to the SE-7xx. The configured actual value must not be “unassigned”.
InstanceNo: 1..48

| Input | Format | Function |
|----------------|--------|--|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of Actualvalue |
| Input | Real | Actualvalue input |
| ForceOverflow | Bool | Force Overflow signal on this Actualvalue |
| ForceUnderflow | Bool | Force Underflow signal on this Actualvalue |
| ForceBreak | Bool | Force Break signal on this Actualvalue |

ActualValueOutput [FC113]

Reads an actual value and its error condition from the SE-7xx.
InstanceNo: 1..48

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|-----------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of Actualvalue |

| Output | Format | Function |
|---------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Value | Real | Actualvalue output (value) |
| ActValueError | Bool | Actualvalue has an error |

Alarms [FC103]

Generates an alarm in SE-7xx (1-200) and reads current alarm status (1-240) from SE-7xx.
System alarms (201-240) can only be read and AlarmInput will be ignored.

InstanceNo: 1..240

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|-------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of alarm |
| AlarmInput | Bool | Generate selected alarm |

| Output | Format | Function |
|-------------|--------|----------------------|
| AlarmOutput | Bool | Current alarm status |

AnalogVarInput [FC110]

Sends a float value as an analog variable to the SE-7xx (analog variables 41-80).
Analog input value 1 will be mapped as analog variable 41.

InstanceNo: 1..40

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of analog variable input |
| Value | Real | Value of analog variable input |

AnalogVarOutput [FC111]

Reads an analog variable from the SE-7xx (analog variables 1-40).

InstanceNo: 1..40

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of analog variable output |

| Output | Format | Function |
|--------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Value | Real | Value of analog variable output |

DigitalTracks [FC105]

Reads the current status of the selected digital track from the SE-7xx.

InstanceNo: 1..64

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|-------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of digital track |

| Output | Format | Function |
|--------|--------|----------------------|
| State | Bool | Digital track active |

DigitalVarInput [FC108]

Sends a digital variable to the SE-7xx. They are mapped as FI 2000-2199.

InstanceNo: 1..200

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of digital input |
| State | Bool | State of selected digital input |

DigitalVarOutput [FC109]

Reads a digital variable from the SE-7xx. They are mapped as FO 2000-2199.

InstanceNo: 1..200

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|--------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of digital output |

| Output | Format | Function |
|--------|--------|----------------------------------|
| State | Bool | State of selected digital output |

Limits [FC107]

Reads the current status of the selected limit from the SE-7xx.

InstanceNo: 1..40

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|-----------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of limit |

| Output | Format | Function |
|---------|--------|---------------|
| Crossed | Bool | Limit crossed |

ProcessSteps [FC104]

Reads the current status of the selected process step from the SE-7xx.

InstanceNo: 1..50

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|------------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of process step |

| Output | Format | Function |
|--------|--------|---------------------|
| State | Bool | Process step active |

SetValues [FC101]

Returns the value and status of a setvalue from the SE-7xx.

InstanceNo: 1..30

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|--------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of setvalue |

| Output | Format | Function |
|-----------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| Value | Real | Value of setvalue |
| ManualSVEnabled | Bool | Manual setvalue setting enabled |
| SVRising | Bool | Setvalue is rising |
| SVConst | Bool | Setvalue is constant |
| SVFalling | Bool | Setvalue is falling |
| SVRampsection | Bool | Setvalue is currently in ramp section |

Tolerances [FC106]

Enables a tolerance (if configured as external) and returns status of the selected tolerance from the SE-7xx.

InstanceNo: 1..40

| Input | Format | Function |
|------------|--------|---------------------|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of tolerance |
| EnableTol | Bool | Enable tolerance |

| Output | Format | Function |
|-----------------|--------|-------------------------|
| PlusTolCrossed | Bool | Upper tolerance crossed |
| MinusTolCrossed | Bool | Lower tolerance crossed |

Alarmhandler [FB103]

Controls the alarmhandler of the SE-7xx and returns its status.

| Input | Format | Function |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| AckAcoustic | Bool | Acknowledge acoustic alarm |
| AckOptical | Bool | Acknowledge optical common alarm |
| AlarmComing_bcdbin | Bool | Alarm is coming; using BCD/binary notation for alarm selection |
| AlarmGoing_bcdbin | Bool | Alarm is going; using BCD/binary notation for alarm selection |
| ClearAll | Bool | Clear all alarms |
| Lock209 | Bool | Lock or unlock Alarm 209 (void actualvalues) |

| Output | Format | Function |
|------------------------|--------|--|
| AcousticAck | Bool | Acoustic alarm has been acknowledged |
| OpticalAck | Bool | Optical alarm has been acknowledged |
| AcousticOut | Bool | Acoustic alarm output |
| OpticalOut | Bool | Optical alarm output |
| CommonOut | Bool | Common alarm output |
| FeedbackCommonack | Bool | Feedback for common acknowledging (acknowledging all alarms) |
| FeedbackSingleack | Bool | Feedback for single acknowledging (acknowledging one alarm) |
| AlarmnrReceived_bcdbin | Bool | The alarm number in BCD/binary format has been received |
| Priority1 | Bool | Priority 1 alarm active |
| Priority2 | Bool | Priority 2 alarm active |
| Priority3 | Bool | Priority 3 alarm active |
| Priority4 | Bool | Priority 4 alarm active |
| Priority5 | Bool | Priority 5 alarm active |
| Priority6 | Bool | Priority 6 alarm active |
| Priority7 | Bool | Priority 7 alarm active |
| Priority8 | Bool | Priority 8 alarm active |

AnalogVars [FB110]

Sends and reads multiple analog variables to/from the SE-7xx.

Analog input variables are written to analog variables 41-80 of the SE-7xx.

Analog output variables are read from analog variables 1-40 of the SE-7xx.

| Input | Format | Function |
|---------|--------|--------------------------------|
| Input1 | Real | Value of analog variable input |
| Input2 | Real | Value of analog variable input |
| [...] | [...] | [...] |
| Input40 | Real | Value of analog variable input |

| Output | Format | Function |
|----------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Output1 | Real | Value of analog variable output |
| Output2 | Real | Value of analog variable output |
| [...] | [...] | [...] |
| Output40 | Real | Value of analog variable output |

CtrlZones [FB102]

Controls control zone settings of the SE-7xx and returns its status.

InstanceNo: 1..20

| Input | Format | Function |
|---------------------|--------|---|
| InstanceNo | Int | Number of controller |
| PIDselect | Int | Number of PID parameter set (1-8) |
| Disable | Bool | Disable controller |
| EnableYlimit | Bool | Enable Y limiter for controller |
| EnableSubstSV | Bool | Enable substituting setvalue for controller |
| EnableSubstAV | Bool | Enable substituting actual value for controller |
| EnableYhandConstVal | Bool | Enable Y-HAND constant value |
| EnableXtrack | Bool | Enable X-Tracking for controller |
| EnableYtrack | Bool | Enable Y-Tracking for controller |

| Output | Format | Function |
|------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| Value | Real | Y-value for controller |
| Heating | Bool | Controller is heating |
| Cooling | Bool | Controller is cooling |
| AVVoidalarm | Bool | Alarm: Value is broken |
| AVTolerancealarm | Bool | Alarm: Value is out of tolerance |
| YhandActive | Bool | Y-HAND is active |
| XtrackAct | Bool | X-Tracking is active |
| YtrackAct | Bool | Y-Tracking is active |
| MinusTolCrossed | Bool | Value is lower than lower tolerance |
| PlusTolCrossed | Bool | Value is higher than upper tolerance |
| LowLimCrossed | Bool | Value is lower than lower limit |
| HighLimCrossed | Bool | Value is higher than upper limit |

DigitalVars [FB108]

Sends and reads multiple digital variables to/from the SE-7xx.

Digital inputs are written to FI 2000-2199. Digital outputs are read from FO 2000-2199.

Shift10 can be used to set the focus on which values to write/read; e.g. if Shift10 is 5, digital variables 51-60 are written/read.

Shift10: 0..19

| Input | Format | Function |
|---------|--------|---|
| Shift10 | Int | Offset multiplicated by 10 to access all 200 inputs/outputs |
| Input1 | Bool | Digital input |
| Input2 | Bool | Digital input |
| [...] | [...] | [...] |
| Input10 | Bool | Digital input |

| Output | Format | Function |
|----------|--------|----------------|
| Output1 | Bool | Digital output |
| Output2 | Bool | Digital output |
| [...] | [...] | [...] |
| Output10 | Bool | Digital output |

Programmer [FB100]

Controls the programmer of the SE-7xx and returns its status.

| Input | Format | Function |
|-------------------|--------|--|
| ProgStart | Bool | Program control: START program (without datalogger) |
| ProgStop | Bool | Program control: STOP program |
| ProgReset | Bool | Program control: RESET program |
| ProgInterlock | Bool | Program control: INTERLOCK program |
| JumpNextSect | Bool | Program control: Jump to next section |
| JumpProgEnd | Bool | Program control: Jump to program end |
| StopSectEndEnable | Bool | Program control: Stop at section end [static] |
| ContSectEnd | Bool | Program control: Continue (if section end reached) [impulse] |
| SetNoProg | Bool | Program control: Set current program to "no program" |
| SetProg | Bool | Program control: Select program using SetProgNr (integer) |
| SetProgNr | Int | Program control: Set program number |
| JumpAV | Bool | Program control: Feature "Jump to actual value" |
| JumpAVDest | Int | Program control: Selection of controlzone for feature "Jump to actual value" |

| Output | Format | Function |
|--------------------|--------|---|
| ProgNr | Int | Program status: Current program number |
| SectNr | Int | Program status: Current section number |
| Reset | Bool | Program status: RESET |
| Run | Bool | Program status: RUN |
| Stop | Bool | Program status: STOP |
| InterlockActive | Bool | Program status: INTERLOCK active |
| StopSectEnd | Bool | Program status: STOP after reaching section end |
| ProgEnd | Bool | Program status: Program END |
| RunHalt | Bool | Program status: Program in RUN or STOP |
| PwrFailStop | Bool | Program status: STOP after power failure |
| AVNotFound | Bool | Program status: Provided actual value not found |
| NewSectLoaded | Bool | Program status: New program section loaded |
| ProgSelected | Bool | Program status: Program selected |
| ProgNotFound | Bool | Program status: Program not found |
| CurrentProgChanged | Bool | Program status: Current program changed |
| StarttimeEnabled | Bool | Program status: Program start at specific time/date enabled |

Datalogger [FB114]

Controls the SE-7xx datalogger and returns its status ("automatic mode").

Must be inserted if the datalogger is used (after the Programmer block).

Do not use with **Datalogger_Manual [FB115]**.

| Input | Format | Function |
|----------------|--------|---|
| ProcessStart | Bool | Starts the datalogger and after 5 seconds starts the programmer |
| DatasetTrigger | Bool | Trigger dataset |
| SelectClock2 | Bool | Select clock 2 instead of clock 1 for data logging |

| Output | Format | Function |
|-----------------------|--------|---|
| ProcessstartActive | Bool | Received a local (PLC) or remote (SE-7xx) process start event |
| LoggerActive | Bool | Datalogger active |
| LogArchiveFullWarning | Bool | Log archive nearly full |
| LogArchiveFullError | Bool | Log archive completely full |

Datalogger_Manual [FB115]

Controls the SE-7xx datalogger and returns its status ("manual mode").

Must be inserted if the datalogger is used (after the Programmer block).

Do not use with **Datalogger [FB114]**.

| Input | Format | Function |
|----------------|--------|--|
| ProcessStart | Bool | Generates a process start event |
| LogStart | Bool | Starts the current datalogger recording |
| LogEnd | Bool | Stops the current datalogger recording |
| DatasetTrigger | Bool | Trigger dataset |
| SelectClock2 | Bool | Select clock 2 instead of clock 1 for data logging |

| Output | Format | Function |
|-----------------------|--------|---|
| ProcessstartActive | Bool | Received a local (PLC) or remote (SE-7xx) process start event |
| LoggerActive | Bool | Datalogger active |
| LogArchiveFullWarning | Bool | Log archive nearly full |
| LogArchiveFullError | Bool | Log archive completely full |